



WRAD Health Inc.

(Formerly Western Region Alcohol and Drug Centre Inc.)

A0000179Y Established 1983

ABN 54 223 738 596

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Free TV Australia
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North Sydney NSW 2060
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Dear Free TV Australia,

This submission is in response to the public consultation on the draft 'Commercial Television Industry Code of Practice' (the Code).

- Mark Powell CEO WRAD Health Inc.
- Our interest as a health service that deals with the effects of alcohol use we are concerned the
 impact alcohol advertising has on people's choices around use of alcohol. We are a harm reduction
 focused service yet very aware the impact advertising can have

Australians should have the opportunity to be healthy, safe and free from the many ways that alcohol causes harm to people, families and communities. Yet tragically, Australia is currently experiencing the highest rates of alcohol-induced deaths in over 20 years. Alcohol marketing, including broadcast advertising, influences people's preferences, attitudes, social norms and use of alcohol products, which subsequently impacts on community health, safety and wellbeing.

Health impacts of alcohol include hospitalisation and deaths from injury and other acute and chronic diseases, like cancer and mental ill-health. Alcohol is a carcinogen, causing at least seven types of cancer, including mouth, throat, oesophagus, liver, breast and bowel cancer. Alcohol also causes alcohol-related brain injury and Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorder (FASD).

Alcohol is also a significant factor in family and domestic violence.ⁱⁱⁱ There are several studies that show that violence involving alcohol increases at the time of football grand finals and the State of Origin.^{iv'v} The link is so strong that the Rapid Review of Prevention Approaches for family and domestic violence recommended that "alcohol advertising be restricted during sporting events".^{vi} They based this recommendation on "the statistical increase in DFSV incidents during football grand finals, as well as the high number of children who watch sport on television and mobile apps".

Considering this recommendation, and the evidence showing that when children are exposed to alcohol advertising, they are more likely to start drinking early and to drink at higher risk levels, vii, viii broadcast alcohol advertising should be reduced, not increased.

Children are frequently exposed to harmful alcohol advertising. Yet the draft Code proposes extending the hours that alcohol advertising can be shown to children by over 800 hours per year. Even more concerning is the proposal that these ads be shown during the daytime on school holidays, weekends and public holidays, when children are more likely to be watching alcohol advertising. Weekends and public holidays are also times when alcohol harms are more likely to occur. Xii





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Recommendation 1. Ensure that any changes to the *Commercial Television Industry Code* of *Practice* (including to the 'M' classification zone in Section 2.2.2), do not extend the hours when alcohol advertising is permitted to be broadcast.

This is in addition to the existing loophole where restrictions on alcohol advertising do not apply during the broadcast of sports programs on public holidays and weekends. This loophole increases alcohol advertising at higher risk times – during sporting events which are associated with increases in family and domestic violence. Companies tie these events into their branding during these events to maximise sales and profits during times that are most harmful. They even boast about the increase in sales during these times.

Recommendation 2. Remove the exemption in Section 6.2 that allows alcohol advertising during sports broadcasts.

Recommendation 3. Remove the exemption in Section 8 of 'program sponsorship' from alcohol advertising, that allows the promotion of alcohol companies during program broadcasts.

We strongly oppose the proposed changes to the M Classification zone in Code. We believe that these changes and the existing sports broadcast loopholes, breach the requirements in the Broadcasting Services Act 1992. These state that "broadcasting services place a high priority on the protection of children from exposure to program material which may be harmful to them" (s3), and that industry codes "provide appropriate community safeguards" (s123, 125, 130).^{xvi}

Alcohol advertising should be shown less, not more and the sports loophole should be closed – not expanded.

An increase in alcohol advertising without adequate safeguards would have a profound and potentially harmful impact on our community, particularly on children and vulnerable individuals. When appropriate community safeguards are included in advertising codes, they serve as a critical protective layer, limiting the exposure of children to potentially harmful material. This protection helps to reduce early normalisation and glamorisation of alcohol use, which can influence young minds and lead to increased risk of early initiation and subsequent alcohol-related harm in their later lives.

Our community benefits immensely from such safeguards, as they contribute to fostering a healthier and safer environment that supports positive development and wellbeing, especially for children and young adults who may otherwise be more susceptible to these messages. Effective regulation that minimises children's exposure to alcohol advertising aligns with our commitment to promoting public health and wellbeing, shielding our community from the pervasive impact of alcohol marketing, and providing a safer, more supportive environment for all stakeholders.





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Yours Sincerely,

Mark Powell

CEO

WRAD Health Centre

ⁱ AIHW (2024) *Alcohol, tobacco & other drugs in Australia* https://www.aihw.gov.au/reports/alcohol/alcohol-tobacco-other-drugs-australia/contents/impacts/health-impacts

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^v Gallant D & Humphreys C (2018) *Football finals and domestic violence*. Pursuit, University of Melbourne. https://pursuit.unimelb.edu.au/articles/football-finals-and-domestic-violence

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^{ix} ADF (2023) Alcohol ads on social media target teens and young people https://adf.org.au/insights/alcohol-social-media-youth/

^{*} Middleton K (2024) *Beer advertisements shown to kids during streamed TV programs like Lego Masters*. The Guardian. https://www.theguardian.com/australia-news/article/2024/jun/30/beer-advertisements-shown-to-kids-during-streamed-tv-programs-like-lego-masters

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xiii Brimicombe A & Cafe R (2012) *Beware, win or lose: Domestic violence and the World Cup*

https://rss.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/j.1740-9713.2012.00606.x

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xv Food & Beverage (2024) Most popular State of Origin drinks revealed https://www.foodmag.com.au/most-popular-state-of-origin-drinks-revealed/

xvi Commonwealth of Australia (2024) *Broadcasting Services Act 1992* https://www8.austlii.edu.au/cgi-bin/viewdb/au/legis/cth/consol_act/bsa1992214/